

# Instruction for N-ScanHub

## 1 Introduction

Newland's SDK supports Windows and linux platforms and offers the C/C++ interface to interact with Newland devices. With the SDK, users can carry out secondary development, obtain devices, send instructions, upgrade firmware, etc.

### Directory Structure

Items	Descriptions
Platform	Windows and Linux platforms
Programming Language	C/C++
Functions	Obtaining device, sending commands, upgrading firmware, read and write, opening and closing the device , collecting pictures, plugging and unplugging and data acquisition notification, etc.
SDK	N-ScanHubForLinux and N-ScanHubForWindows
API	N-ScanHubForLinux and N-ScanHubForWindows with the same interface name

## 2 Introduction to N-ScanHubForWindows

### 2.1 Directory Structure

N-ScanHubForWindows offers the API under the Windows platform, and its directory is shown as below.

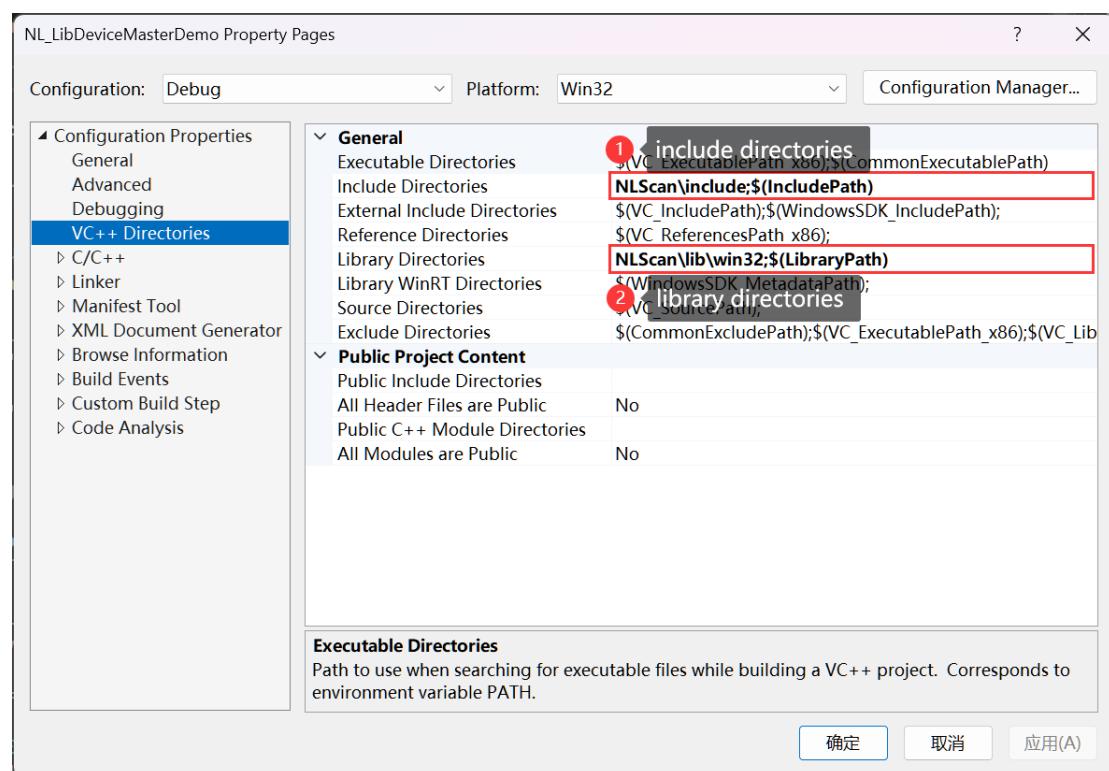
Contents	Descriptions
include	Header file: N-ScanHub.h (all interfaces descriptions included)
lib/x64	64-bit N-ScanHub.dll and N-ScanHub.lib
lib/x86	32-bit N-ScanHub.dll and N-ScanHub.lib
demo	Library file and demo written by Visual Studio2019

## 2.2 NLSInfoStreamForWindows Operating Instructions

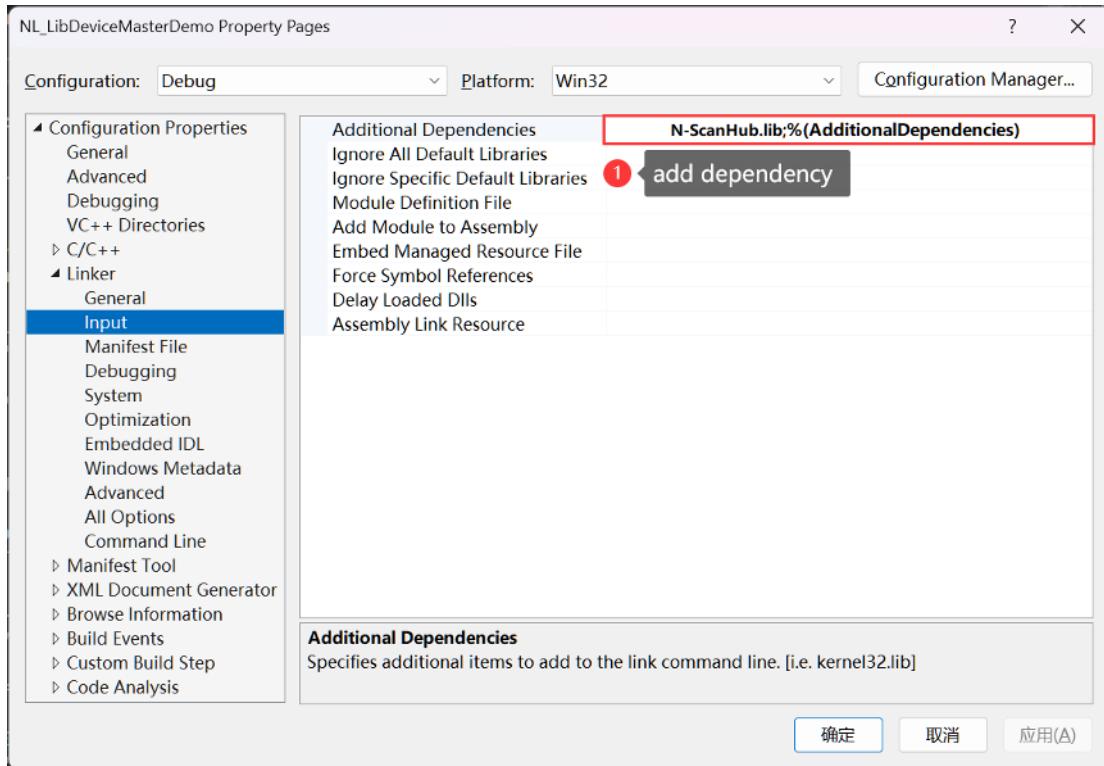


### N-ScanHubForWindows demo Operating Steps

1. The project contains paths of N-ScanHub.h and N-ScanHub.lib.



2. Add the dependency libnldevicemaster.lib.



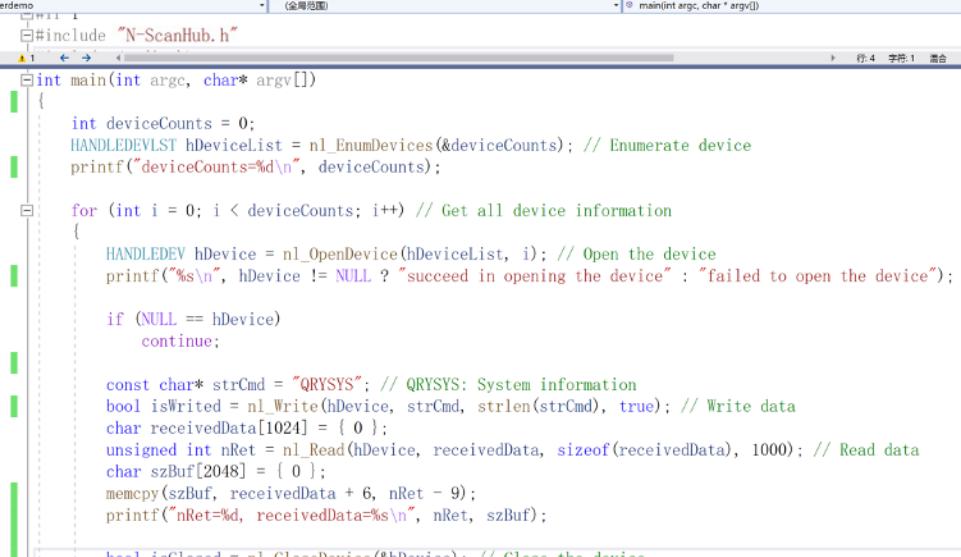
### 3. Call the function in the SDK.

```

1 #include "N-ScanHub.h" 1. include head file
2
3 int main(int argc, char* argv[])
4 {
5     int deviceCounts = 0;
6     HANDLEDEVLIST hDeviceList = nl_EnumDevices(&deviceCounts); // Enumerate device 2. enum devices
7     printf("deviceCounts=%d\n", deviceCounts);
8
9     for (int i = 0; i < deviceCounts; i++) // Get all device information
10    {
11        HANDLEDEV hDevice = nl_OpenDevice(hDeviceList, i); // Open the device 3. open one device
12        printf("%s\n", hDevice != NULL ? "succeed in opening the device" : "failed to open the device");
13
14        if (NULL == hDevice)
15            continue;
16
17        const char* strCmd = "QRYSYS"; // QRYSYS: System information
18        bool isWritten = nl_Write(hDevice, strCmd, strlen(strCmd), true); // Write data 4. write data
19        char receivedData[1024] = { 0 };
20        unsigned int nRet = nl_Read(hDevice, receivedData, sizeof(receivedData), 1000); // Read data
21        char szBuf[2048] = { 0 };
22        memcpy(szBuf, receivedData + 6, nRet - 9);
23        printf("nRet=%d, receivedData=%s\n", nRet, szBuf);
24
25        bool isClosed = nl_CloseDevice(&hDevice); // Close the device 6. close device
26    }
27
28    nl_ReleaseDevices(&hDeviceList); // Release the device list handle 7. release all devices
29
30
31
32
33
34
35
36
37
38
39
40
41
42
43
44

```

### 4. Start running the program.



```
libnlsdevicemasterdemo.cpp // 本地 Windows 调试器
libnlsdevicemasterdemo (全局范围)
main(int argc, char * argv[])
177 %
219 int main(int argc, char* argv[])
220 {
221     int deviceCounts = 0;
222     HANDLEDEVLIST hDeviceList = nl_EnumDevices(&deviceCounts); // Enumerate device
223     printf("deviceCounts=%d\n", deviceCounts);
224
225     for (int i = 0; i < deviceCounts; i++) // Get all device information
226     {
227         HANDLEDEV hDevice = nl_OpenDevice(hDeviceList, i); // Open the device
228         printf("%s\n", hDevice != NULL ? "succeed in opening the device" : "failed to open the device");
229
230         if (NULL == hDevice)
231             continue;
232
233         const char* strCmd = "QRYSYS"; // QRYSYS: System information
234         bool isWritten = nl_Write(hDevice, strCmd, strlen(strCmd), true); // Write data
235         char receivedData[1024] = { 0 };
236         unsigned int nRet = nl_Read(hDevice, receivedData, sizeof(receivedData), 1000); // Read data
237         char szBuf[2048] = { 0 };
238         memcpy(szBuf, receivedData + 6, nRet - 6);
239         printf("nRet=%d, receivedData=%s\n", nRet, szBuf);
240
241         bool isClosed = nl_CloseDevice(&hDevice); // Close the device
242     }
243     nl_ReleaseDevices(&hDeviceList); // Release the device list handle
244 }
```

The result is as follows.

```
[I] Microsoft Visual Studio 调试控制台  
I_DevicesInfo=1052  
deviceCounts=1  
succeed in opening the device  
nRet=193, receivedData=@QRYSYSPProduct Name: GALE  
Firmware Version: UQ101.ST.G02.5  
Decoder Version: 7.1.17  
Hardware Version:  
Serial Number: 1686722549.5771632  
OEM Serial Number:  
Manufacturing Date:
```

## 2.3 Example of demo

```
#include "N-ScanHub.h"
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <windows.h>
```

```
#include <chrono>
```

```
#include <vector>
```

```
#include <string>
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <thread>

using namespace std;

#define NET_TEST 1

// Read device data

void __stdcall ReadCallback(const HANDLEDEV hDevice, const char* buf, int len)
{
    printf("-----ReadCallback len=%d, buf=%s\n", len, buf);
}

// Monitoring device status change

void __stdcall DevStatChangeCallback(const HANDLEDEV hDevice, bool isDevExisted)
{
    if (isDevExisted)
        printf("hDevice=%p, device is pushed in\n", hDevice);
    else
        printf("hDevice=%p, device is pushed out\n", hDevice);
}

#if NET_TEST
```

```
void __stdcall TcpServiceBack(int clientSocket, char* clientIp) {  
  
    printf("clientIp=%s\n", clientIp);  
  
    char buf[4096] = { 0 };  
  
    int len = 4096;  
  
    while (1) {  
  
        if (nl_readFromSocket(clientSocket, 2000, buf, &len) == 0) {  
  
            printf("TcpServiceBack buf=%s\n", buf);  
  
            memset(buf, 0, sizeof(buf));  
  
        }  
  
        Sleep(500);  
  
    }  
  
}  
  
  
int piccount = 0;  
  
void __stdcall readNetImage(unsigned char* data, int data_len){  
  
    char filename[256] = { 0 };  
  
    sprintf(filename, "./pic/%d.jpg", piccount++);  
  
    //nl_saveNetImgData(0, data, data_len, filename);  
  
}  
  
  
void __stdcall readTcpIpData(unsigned char* data, int data_len) {  
  
    printf("data=%s\n", data);  
  
}
```

```
void ServerThread() {  
  
    int ret = nl_CreateTcpService(10000, TcpServiceBack);  
  
    printf("ServerThread ret=%d\n", ret);  
  
}
```

```
void NetImageThread(char* ip, int* port1, int* port2) {
```

```
    int socket36520 = -1;
```

```
    char sendbuf[1024] = { 0 };
```

```
    char recvbuf[1024] = { 0 };
```

```
    int socket30000 = -1;
```

```
    strcpy(sendbuf, "\x01\x54\x04");
```

```
    nl_connectToService(ip, *port1, &socket30000);
```

```
    nl_connectToService(ip, *port2, &socket36520);
```

```
    const int RECV_BUFFER_SIZE = 1920 * 1080 * 4;
```

```
    char* recvBuffer = (char*)malloc(RECV_BUFFER_SIZE);
```

```
    int realLen = 0, nRet = -1;
```

```
    IMG_TYPE imgtype;
```

```
    int w, h, f, q;
```

```
    f = 2;
```

```
    q = 2;
```

```
    char filename[128] = { 0 };
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < 1000; i++) {

    memset(recvBuffer, 0, RECV_BUFFER_SIZE);

    memset(recvbuf, 0, 1024);

    // trigger recognition

    if (nl_sendDataToSocket(socket30000, sendbuf, 3) != 0) {

        printf("nl_sendDataToSocket error\n");

        continue;

    }

    //get code

    if (nl_readFromSocket(socket30000, 2, recvbuf, &realLen) != 0) {

        printf("nl_readFromSocket error\n");

        nl_CloseClientSocket(socket30000);

        Sleep(500);

        nl_connectToService(ip, *port1, &socket30000);

        if (socket30000 == -1) {

            printf("reconnect error\n");

            continue;

        }

    }

    printf("code length=%d,data=%s\n", realLen, recvbuf);

    // In retrieving images, the two most commonly used parameters are 'f,' which
    // represents the data type of the image, and 'q,' which is the compression quality level for
    // obtaining JPEG image data when 'f' is set to 2
```

```

nRet = nl_getNetImgData(socket36520, 0, 0, f, q, recvBuffer, &realLen, &imgtype, &w,
&h);

printf("-----ip=%s [%d][%d]\n", ip, nRet, realLen);

if (nRet != 0)

    continue;

// When 'f' is set to 0, it represents raw data, and you need to call the image-saving
interface to package the raw data in order to generate an image file

// If you prefer not to use the saving interface, you can also implement image data
packaging on your own

if (f == 0) {

    if (imgtype == TYPE_COLOR) {

        sprintf(filename, "./pic/f0-%s-%04d.bmp", ip, i);

nl_SavePicDataToFile(filename, (unsigned char*)recvBuffer, w, h, 24); // Save
image

        sprintf(filename, "./pic/f0-%s-%04d.jpg", ip, i);

nl_SavePicDataToFile(filename, (unsigned char*)recvBuffer, w, h, 23); // Save
image

        DbgPrintf("nl_SavePicDataToFile jpg end");

    }

    else {

        sprintf(filename, "./pic/f0-%s-%04d.bmp", ip, i);

nl_SavePicDataToFile(filename, (unsigned char*)recvBuffer, w, h, 8); // Save
image

```

```
        sprintf(filename, "./pic/f0-%s-%04d.jpg", ip, i);

        nl_SavePicDataToFile(filename, (unsigned char*)recvBuffer, w, h, 13); // Save
image

    }

}

// When 'f' takes any of the following values, you will obtain image format data that can
be directly saved as a binary file

else if (f == 1) {

    sprintf(filename, "./pic/f1-%s-%04d.bmp", ip, i);

    FILE* fp = fopen(filename, "wb");

    fwrite(recvBuffer, 1, realLen, fp);

    fclose(fp);

}

else if (f == 2) {

    sprintf(filename, "./pic/f2-%s-%04d.jpg", ip, i);

    FILE* fp = fopen(filename, "wb");

    fwrite(recvBuffer, 1, realLen, fp);

    fclose(fp);

}

else if (f == 3) {

    sprintf(filename, "./pic/f3-%s-%04d.bmp", ip, i);

    FILE* fp = fopen(filename, "wb");

    fwrite(recvBuffer, 1, realLen, fp);

    fclose(fp);

}
```

```

else if (f == 4) {

    sprintf(filename, "./pic/f4-%s-%04d.bmp", ip, i);

    FILE* fp = fopen(filename, "wb");

    fwrite(recvBuffer, 1, realLen, fp);

    fclose(fp);

}

Sleep(10);

}

nl_CloseClientSocket(socket36520);

nl_CloseClientSocket(socket30000);

free(recvBuffer);

//delete[]recvbuf;

recvBuffer = NULL;

printf("-----ip=%s close\n", ip);

}

#endif

void SplitString(const string& s, vector<string>& v, const string& c)

{

    string::size_type pos1, pos2;

    pos2 = s.find(c);

    pos1 = 0;

    while (string::npos != pos2)

```

```
{  
    v.push_back(s.substr(pos1, pos2 - pos1));  
  
    pos1 = pos2 + c.size();  
  
    pos2 = s.find(c, pos1);  
}  
  
if (pos1 != s.length())  
{  
    v.push_back(s.substr(pos1));  
}  
  
int main(int argc, char* argv[])  
{  
    int deviceCounts = 0;  
  
    HANDLEDEVLST hDeviceList = NULL;  
  
    DbgPrintf("enum nl_EnumDevices begin\n");  
  
    hDeviceList = nl_EnumDevices(&deviceCounts, ENUM_ALL); // Enumerate device  
  
    DbgPrintf("enum nl_EnumDevices end\n");  
  
    printf("deviceCounts=%d\n", deviceCounts);  
  
    for (int i = 0; i < deviceCounts; i++) // Get all device information  
    {  
        HANDLEDEV hDevice;  
  
        hDevice = nl_OpenDevice(hDeviceList, i); // Open the device
```

```
printf("hDevice=%p, %s\n", hDevice, hDevice != NULL ? "succeed in opening the
device" : "failed to open the device");

if (NULL == hDevice)
    continue;

T_DeviceStatus status = nl_GetDevStatus(hDevice); // Get device status

printf("status=%d\n", status);

if (argc < 2) {

    // Write character string data

    // trigger recognition

    const char* strCmd = "\x01\x54\x04"; // QRYSYS: System information

    char receivedData[65565] = { 0 };

    int recvlen = 0;

    nl_Write(hDevice, strCmd, 3, false);

    int ret = nl_Read(hDevice, receivedData, 1000, 1000);

    printf("system info: \n%s\n", receivedData);

}

if (argc >= 2 && strcmp(argv[1], "--WriteAsHex") == 0) // Write data to the device in
HEX character string

{

    // Write hex character string data

    const char* strCmdhEX = "7e 01 30 30 30 30 40 51 52 59 53 59 53 3b 03"; //
System information
```

```

char receivedData[1024] = { 0 };

int nRet = 0;

bool isWritten = nl_WriteAsHex(hDevice, strCmdhEX, true); // Write data

nRet = nl_Read(hDevice, receivedData, sizeof(receivedData), 0); // Read data

printf("nRet=%d, receivedData=%s\n", nRet, receivedData);

}

else if (argc >= 2 && strcmp(argv[1], "--GetDeviceInfo") == 0) // Write data to the device
in HEX character string

{

// Retrieve device information

STDeviceInfo info;

memset(&info, 0, sizeof(STDeviceInfo));

nl_GetDeviceInfo(hDeviceList, i, &info);

printf("GetDeviceInfo ----- info\n %s\n type=%d\n", info.devInfo, info.devType);

}

else if (argc >= 2 && strcmp(argv[1], "--SendCommand") == 0) // Send control
commands to the device and obtain the returned information

{

// Send a command and check if the command was successful.

char strCmd[2048] = { 0 };

strcpy(strCmd, "QRYSYS");

int result = nl_SendCommand(hDevice, strCmd, strlen(strCmd)); // Send
commands

printf("result=%d\n", result);

}

```

```

else if (argc >= 2 && strcmp(argv[1], "--SendCommandAsHex") == 0) // Send control
commands to the device in the form of HEX character string and get the returned information.

{

    const char* strCmd = "51 52 59 53 59 53"; // QRYSYS: System information

    T_CommunicationResult result = nl_SendCommandAsHex(hDevice, strCmd,
strlen(strCmd)); // Send commands

    printf("result=%d\n", result);

}

else if (argc >= 2 && strcmp(argv[1], "--GetCommandResponse") == 0) {

    // Send a command, receive the command returned by the device, with a
maximum supported length of 20,000.

    char strCmd[20480] = { 0 };

    strcpy(strCmd, "QRYSYS;");

    char recvData[20480] = { 0 };

    int recvLen = 0;

    bool result = nl_GetCommandResponse(hDevice, strCmd, strlen(strCmd),
recvData, &recvLen, 500, true, false);

    printf("result=%d\n", result);

    printf("recvData=%s\n", recvData);

}

else if (argc >= 2 && strcmp(argv[1], "--GetPicture") == 0) // Get device image

{

    // Basic interface for obtaining images, with all parameters set to default.

    unsigned int imgWidth = 0, imgHeight = 0;

    char filename[1024] = { 0 };

```

```

        sprintf(filename, "1%d.bmp", i);

        bool isGetPicSizeOK = nl_GetPicSize(hDevice, &imgWidth, &imgHeight); // Get the
image width and height

        printf("nl_GetPicSize isGetPicSizeOK=%d\n", isGetPicSizeOK);

        if (isGetPicSizeOK && imgWidth > 0 && imgHeight > 0)

        {

            printf("imgWidth=%d,imgHeight=%d\n", imgWidth, imgHeight);

            const int RECV_BUFFER_SIZE = imgWidth * imgHeight;

            unsigned char* recvBuffer = (unsigned char*)malloc(RECV_BUFFER_SIZE);

            bool isOK = nl_GetPicData(hDevice, recvBuffer, RECV_BUFFER_SIZE); // Get
the image raw data

            if(isOK)

                nl_SavePicDataToFile(filename, recvBuffer, imgWidth, imgHeight, 8);

        }

    }

else if (argc >= 2 && strcmp(argv[1], "--GetPictureByConfig") == 0) // Get device image

{

    // Obtain image data with configurable parameters.

    unsigned int imgWidth = 0, imgHeight = 0;

    bool isGetPicSizeOK = nl_GetPicSize(hDevice, &imgWidth, &imgHeight); // Get the
image width and height

    printf("nl_GetPicSize isGetPicSizeOK=%d\n", isGetPicSizeOK);

    if (isGetPicSizeOK && imgWidth > 0 && imgHeight > 0)

    {

        printf("imgWidth=%d,imgHeight=%d\n", imgWidth, imgHeight);

```

```

const int RECV_BUFFER_SIZE = imgWidth * imgHeight * 4;

// Allocate a sufficiently large space to store image data

unsigned char* recvBuffer = (unsigned char*)malloc(RECV_BUFFER_SIZE);

STImgParam imgParam;

memset(&imgParam, 0, sizeof(STImgParam));

imgParam.f = 0;

imgParam.q = 3;

STImgResolution imgR[4];

memset(imgR, 0, sizeof(STImgResolution) * 4);

unsigned int nRealLen = 0;

bool isOK = nl_GetPicDataByConfig(hDevice, imgParam, recvBuffer,
&nRealLen, imgR); // Get the image data

printf("isOk=%d\n", isOK);

char filename[1024] = { 0 };

if (isOk) {

    if (imgParam.t == 2) {

        for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++) {

            printf("imgR[%d] width=%d height=%d\n", i, imgR->width,
imgR->height);

        }

    }

    if (imgParam.f == 1) {

        sprintf(filename, "test%d.bmp", i);

        FILE* fp = fopen(filename, "wb");

        fwrite(recvBuffer, 1, nRealLen, fp);

    }

}


```

```
    fclose(fp);

}

else if (imgParam.f == 2) {

    sprintf(filename, "test4%d.jpg", i);

    FILE* fp = fopen(filename, "wb");

    fwrite(recvBuffer, 1, nRealLen, fp);

    fclose(fp);

}

else if (imgParam.f == 3) {

    sprintf(filename, "test5%d.tiff", i);

    FILE* fp = fopen(filename, "wb");

    fwrite(recvBuffer, 1, nRealLen, fp);

    fclose(fp);

}

else if (imgParam.f == 4) {

    sprintf(filename, "test6%d.bmp", i);

    FILE* fp = fopen(filename, "wb");

    fwrite(recvBuffer, 1, nRealLen, fp);

    fclose(fp);

}

else if (imgParam.f == 0) {

    long outLen = 0;

    STImgResolution imgResIn, imgResOut;

    if (imgParam.r == 1) {
```

```

        imgWidth = imgWidth / 2;
        imgHeight = imgHeight / 2;
    }
    else if (imgParam.r == 2) {
        imgWidth = imgWidth / 4;
        imgHeight = imgHeight / 4;

    }

    imgResIn.width = imgWidth;

    imgResIn.height = imgHeight;

    unsigned int imgLen = 0;

    IMG_TYPE type = nl_GetDeviceImageColorType(hDevice,
&imgResOut, &imgLen);

    if (type == TYPE_COLOR) {

        unsigned char* outBuf = (unsigned char*)malloc(imgLen);

        printf("imgLen=%d\n", imgLen);

        bool res = nl_ConvertImageColorSpace(hDevice, recvBuffer,
RECV_BUFFER_SIZE, imgResIn, outBuf);

        int oWidth, oHeight;

        // If you are capturing a partial image, use the resolution of
the captured portion

        if (strlen(imgParam.b) != 0) {

            oWidth = stoi(string(imgParam.b).substr(8, 4));

            oHeight = stoi(string(imgParam.b).substr(12, 4));

        }

        else {

            oWidth = imgResOut.width;

            oHeight = imgResOut.height;

```

```

    }

    sprintf(filename, "./pic/test2%d%d.bmp", i, j);

    nl_SavePicDataToFile(filename, outBuf, oWidth, oHeight, 24);

// Save image

    sprintf(filename, "./pic/test2%d%d.jpg", i, j);

    nl_SavePicDataToFile(filename, outBuf, oWidth, oHeight, 23);

// Save image

}

else {

    int oWidth, oHeight;

    if (strlen(imgParam.b) != 0) {

        oWidth = stoi(string(imgParam.b).substr(8, 4));

        oHeight = stoi(string(imgParam.b).substr(12, 4));

    }

    else {

        oWidth = imgResOut.width;

        oHeight = imgResOut.height;

    }

    sprintf(filename, "./pic/test1%d%d.bmp", i, j);

    nl_SavePicDataToFile(filename, recvBuffer, oWidth, oHeight, 8);

// Save image

    sprintf(filename, "./pic/test1%d%d.jpg", i, j);

    nl_SavePicDataToFile(filename, recvBuffer, oWidth, oHeight,

13); // Save image

}

```

```

        }

    }

    free(recvBuffer);

    recvBuffer = NULL;

}

}

else if (argc >= 2 && strcmp(argv[1], "--SetListener") == 0) // Asynchronous reading of
device data

{

    // Barcode scanning listener, when activated, the device will pass the scanned
    code to the callback function ReadCallback

    nl_SetListener(hDevice, ReadCallback);

    Sleep(1000000);

    nl_StopListener(hDevice);

}

else if (argc >= 2 && strcmp(argv[1], "--ReadDevCfgToXml") == 0) // Read the
configuration from the device and save it to the xml file.

{

    char filename[128] = { 0 };

    strcpy(filename, "./xml/2.xml");

    nl_ReadDevCfgToXml(hDevice, filename);

}

else if (argc >= 2 && strcmp(argv[1], "--WriteCfgToDev") == 0) // Write the configuration
file information to the device.

{

```

```

        bool ret = nl_WriteCfgToDev(hDevice, "./xml/2.xml");

        if (!ret)

            printf("WriteCfgToDev %s\n", nl_GetLastError());//If there is an error during
XML import, calling nl_GetLastError can provide information about which commands were
imported incorrectly

    }

    else if (argc >= 2 && strcmp(argv[1], "--SetCbDevStatusChanged") == 0) // Set the
callback function when the device status changes

    {

        // Monitor device plug and unplug states and take actions to open or close, only
monitor local serial and USB devices, this interface is not effective for network devices

        nl_SetCbDevStatusChanged(hDevice, DevStatChangeCallback);

        Sleep(100000);

        printf("SetCbDevStatusChanged finish\n");

    }

    else if (argc >= 2 && strcmp(argv[1], "--UpdateFirmware") == 0) // Update device

    {

        unsigned updateError = -1;

        bool isUpdated = nl_UpdateKernelDevice(hDevice,
"Y:/Newland/scan/firmware/soldier160/SOLDIER160_V1.04.003.4.bin2", 0, &updateError); //Firmware update

        printf("updateError=%d,%s\n", updateError, isUpdated ? "succeed in updating the
firmware" : "failed to update the firmware");

        switch (updateError)

        {

            case Success:

                printf("The firmware update is normal.\n");

```

```

        break;

    case FileNameExtError:

        printf("file name error\n");

        break;

    }

}

else if (argc >= 2 && strcmp(argv[1], "--SetNetDeviceConfig") == 0) {

    char configData[2048] = { 0 };

    strcpy(configData, "Serial Number=A6516268F31B66FC;MAC
Address=00:51:62:68:F3:1B;Device Use DHCP=1;Device IP Address=192.168.76.250;Device
SubNetmask=255.255.255.0;Device Gateway Address=192.168.76.1;");

    char outData[2048] = { 0 };

    int nRet = nl_SetNetDeviceConfig(configData, strlen(configData), 5000, outData);

    if (nRet != 0)

    {

        printf("nl_SetNetDeviceConfig error\n");

    }

    printf("\n nl_SetNetDeviceConfig outData=%s\n", outData);

}

bool isClosed = nl_CloseDevice(&hDevice); // Close the device

printf("hDevice=%p,%s\n", hDevice, isClosed ? "succeed in closing the device" : "failed
to close the device");

T_DeviceStatus t = nl_GetDevStatus(hDevice);

printf("T_DeviceStatus t=%d\n", t);

```

```
    nl_ReleaseDevices(&hDeviceList); // Release the device list handle

    Sleep(1000);

#ifndef NET_TEST
//-----net test-----
if (argc >= 2 && strcmp(argv[1], "--NetGetImg") == 0) {

    char ip1[20] = { 0 };

    char ip2[20] = { 0 };

    char ip3[20] = { 0 };

    int td1 = 1, td2 = 2;

    int port2 = 36520;

    int port1 = 30000;

    strcpy(ip1, "192.168.3.193");

    thread t1(NetImageThread, ip1, &port1, &port2);

    strcpy(ip2, "192.168.3.219");

    thread t2(NetImageThread, ip2, &port1, &port2);

    strcpy(ip3, "192.168.3.197");

    thread t3(NetImageThread, ip3, &port1, &port2);

    t1.join();

    t2.join();

    t3.join();
}

return 0;
}
```

```

}

else if (argc >= 2 && strcmp(argv[1], "--ServerMode") == 0) {

    // The network server only provides a simple mode for reference, and it is
    recommended to implement the server mode according to specific requirements

    thread tt(ServerThread);

    tt.detach();

    Sleep(30000);

    nl_ExitTcpService();

    printf("exit\n");

    return 0;

}

//-----net test over-----

#endif

// Network devices can be asynchronously refreshed in the background

if (argc >= 2 && strcmp(argv[1], "--EnumNetDevAsyn") == 0) {

    printf("begin nl_BeginEnumNetDevice\n");

    nl_BeginEnumNetDevice();

    for (int i = 0; i < 16; i++) {

        hDeviceList = nl_EnumDevices(&deviceCounts);

        printf("-----asyn enum deviceCounts-----=[%d]\n", deviceCounts);

        Sleep(1000);

    }

    nl_StopEnumNetDevice();
}

```

```

    return 0;

}

printf("all over\n");

system("pause");

return 0;
}

```

### 3 Interface description

The SDK under Windows and Linux uses an API with the same name. The specific functions are as follows:

Function list	
Function	description
HANDLEDEVLST nl_EnumDevices(int* deviceCount, EnumType = ENUM_ALL);	brief:enumerate device. param[in] enumType Enumerate all types of devices by default param[out] deviceCount Number of device return:Device list handle Non-null: device list exists. Null: device list doesn't exist.
void nl_ReleaseDevices(HANDLEDEVLST* hDeviceList);	brief:Release the device list handle. param[in] hDeviceList Device list handle
HANDLEDEV nl_OpenDevice(const HANDLEDEVLST hDeviceList, unsigned int index, T_Porotocol porotocol = Nlscan);	brief:Specify the indexed device on the device list. param[in] hDeviceList Device list handle param[in] index device index param[in] porotocol Protocol of the manufacturer return:Device handle Non-null: succeed

	in opening. Null: failed to open.
<pre>bool nl_Write(const HANDLEDEV hDevice, const char* data, unsigned int len, bool isPacked = true);</pre>	<p>brief:Write data to the device.  param[in] hDevice Device handle  param[in] data Written data  param[in] len Data length  param[in] isPacked Whether data is packed  return:Whether data is written. true: succeed in writing data. false: failed to write data.</p>
<pre>bool nl_WriteAsHex(const HANDLEDEV hDevice, const char* data, bool isPacked = false);</pre>	<p>brief:Write data to the device in the form of HEX character string.  param[in] hDevice Device handle  param[in] data Written data  param[in] isPacked Whether data is packed  return:Whether data is written. true: succeed in writing data. false: failed to write data.</p>
<pre>T_CommunicationResult nl_SendCommand(const HANDLEDEV hDevice, const char* command, unsigned int commandLen);</pre>	<p>brief:Send control commands to the device (Commands will be packed according to different protocols inside the interface).  param[in] hDevice Device handle  param[in] command Commands sent  param[in] commandLen Command length  return:Communication result</p>
<pre>T_CommunicationResult nl_SendCommandAsHex(const HANDLEDEV hDevice, const char* command, unsigned int commandLen);</pre>	<p>brief:Send control commands to the device in the form of HEX character string (Commands will be packed according to different protocols inside the interface).  param[in] hDevice Device handle  param[in] command Commands sent  param[in] commandLen Command length  return:Communication result</p>
<pre>unsigned int nl_Read(const HANDLEDEV hDevice, char* buf, unsigned int len, unsigned int timeout);</pre>	<p>brief:Read device data.  param[in] hDevice Device handle  param[out] buf data returned from the device</p>

	<p>param[in] len Received data length      param[in] timeout Data reading timeout      When it is set as 0, it continues reading until there is no returned data.      return:Data length returned from the device</p>
<code>void nl_SetListener(const HANDLEDEV hDevice, readCallback callback);</code>	<p>brief:Set monitor.      param[in] hDevice Device handle      param[in] callback callback function</p>
<code>bool nl_StopListener(const HANDLEDEV hDevice);</code>	<p>brief:Stop monitoring device data.      param[in] hDevice Device handle      return:Whether monitoring device data is stopped. true: succeed in stopping monitoring. false: failed to stop monitoring.</p>
<code>bool nl_GetPicSize(const HANDLEDEV hDevice, unsigned int* width, unsigned int* height);</code>	<p>brief:Get the size of device image.      param[in] hDevice Device handle      param[out] width Image width      param[out] height Image height      return:Whether device image size is obtained. true: succeed in getting device image. false: failed to get device image.</p>
<code>bool nl_GetPicData(const HANDLEDEV hDevice, unsigned char* imgBuf, int imgBufLen);</code>	<p>brief:Get device image.      param[in] hDevice Device handle      param[out] imgBuf Image data      param[in] imgBufLen Image data length      return:Whether device image is obtained. true: succeed in getting device image. false: failed to get device image.</p>
<code>bool nl_UpdateKernelDevice(const HANDLEDEV hDevice, const char* strFileName, unsigned int reserved = 0, unsigned int* error = 0);</code>	<p>brief:Update device.      param[in] hDevice Device handle      param[in] strFileName path of firmware file      param[in] reserved Reserved field      param[out] error Error number returned after the update failed.      return:Whether updating is successful. true: succeed in updating. false: failed to update.</p>
<code>bool nl_CloseDevice(HANDLEDEV* hDe</code>	brief:Close the device.

vice);	param[in] hDevice Device handle return:Whether the device is closed. true: succeed in closing the device. false: failed to close the device.
bool nl_SavePicDataToFile(const char* bmpName, unsigned char* imgBuf, int width, int height, int flag);	brief:Encapsulate the collected image data into BMP format and save it as a file. param[in] bmpName bmp file name param[in] imgBuf Image buffer data param[in] width Image width param[in] height Image height param[in] flag Image bit depth or image quality level When saving a file as a BMP bitmap, the image bit depth is specified, with possible values of 8 or 24. When saving a file as a JPG, it represents the image quality level. gray image: (10-Low, 11-Middle, 12-High, 13-Highest) color image: (20-Low, 21-Middle, 22-High, 23-Highest) return:Whether it is saved. true: saved. false: failed to save.
T_DeviceStatus nl_GetDevStatus(const HANDLEDEV hDevice);	brief:Get device status. param[in] hDevice Device handle return:Device status
bool nl_ReadDevCfgToXml(const HANDLEDEV hDevice, const char* cfgFilePath);	brief:Read the configuration from the device and save it to the xml file. param[in] hDevice Device handle param[in] cfgFilePath Path of configuration file return:Whether it is saved. true: saved. false: failed to save.
bool nl_WriteCfgToDev(const HANDLEDEV hDevice, const char* cfgFilePath);	brief:Write the configuration file to the device. param[in] hDevice Device handle param[in] cfgFilePath Path of configuration file return:Whether it is written. true:

	written. false: failed to write.
void nl_SetCbDevStatusChanged(const HANDLEDEV hDevice, DevStatChgCallback callback);	<p>brief: Set the callback function when device status changes.</p> <p>param[in] hDevice Device handle</p> <p>param[in] callback Callback function</p>
bool nl_GetCommandResponse(const HANDLEDEV hDevice, const char* command, unsigned int commandLen, char* response, int *responseLen, unsigned int timeout, bool isPacked, bool isHex);	<p>brief Send commands and receive return commands.</p> <p>param[in] hDevice Device handle</p> <p>param[in] command command sent</p> <p>param[in] commandLen command length</p> <p>param[out] response command response</p> <p>param[out] responseLen command response length</p> <p>param[in] timeout time out</p> <p>param[in] isPacked Whether data is packed</p> <p>param[in] isHex Whether data is Hex</p> <p>return true: successful. false: failed</p>
bool nl_GetPicDataByConfig(const HANDLEDEV hDevice, STImgParam imgParam, unsigned char* imgBuf, unsigned int *imgBufLen, STImgResolution* imgR);	<p>brief Retrieve image data based on the parameters</p> <p>param[in] hDevice Device handle</p> <p>param[in] imgParam image param set</p> <p>T, type: 0T – Real-time image (the latest captured image), 1T – Decoded successful image.</p> <p>F, Image format: 0F – Raw data, 1F – BMP, 2F – JPEG</p> <p>Q, JPEG quality level: 0Q – Low, 1Q – Middle, 2Q – High, 3Q – Highest</p> <p>Other parameters are temporarily reserved, initialized as 0x00</p> <p>param[out] imgBuf The returned image data requires a sufficiently large space for reception</p> <p>param[out] imgBufLen returned image data real len</p> <p>param[out] imgR <b>Keep the parameters, temporarily unused.</b> The coordinates of the four endpoints of the barcode area, if available, require applying for an STImgResolution[4] array in advance.</p> <p>return true: successful. false: failed</p>

<pre>IMG_TYPE nl_GetDeviceImageColorType(const HANDLEDEV hDevice, STImgResolution* imgResOut, unsigned int * imgLen);</pre>	<p>brief Obtaining the image type of the device's raw image  param[in] hDevice Device handle  param[out] imgResOut The real resolution of the raw image, If it's a color image, it's the converted resolution.  param[out] imgLen image data real length  return image type</p>
<pre>bool nl_ConvertImageColorSpace(const HANDLEDEV hDevice, unsigned char* imgBufIn, long imgBufInLen, STImgResolution imgResIn, unsigned char* imgBufOut);</pre>	<p>brief Color space conversion of the raw image nv12-&gt;bgr  param[in] hDevice Device handle  param[in] imgBufIn Raw image data  param[in] imgBufInLen Raw image data length  param[in] imgResIn The real resolution of the raw image  param[out] imgBufOut Image data after color space conversion  return true: successful. false: failed</p>
<pre>bool nl_GetDeviceInfo(const HANDLEDEVLST hDeviceList, unsigned int index, STDeviceInfo* stNetDevInfo);</pre>	<p>brief Retrieve device information  param[in] hDeviceList Device handle list  param[in] index device index  param[out] stNetDevInfo device information  return true: successful. false: failed</p>
<pre>bool nl_DeviceIsOpenByHandle(const HANDLEDEV hDevice);</pre>	<p>brief Is the device open  param[in] hDevice Device handle  return true: open. false: close</p>
<pre>bool nl_DeviceIsOpenByList(const HANDLEDEVLST hDeviceList, unsigned int index);</pre>	<p>brief Is the device open  param[in] hDeviceList Device handle list  param[in] index device index  return true: open. false: close</p>
<pre>char *nl_GetLastError();</pre>	<p>brief Retrieve the error message from the last operation  return error message</p>
<pre>void nl_BeginEnumNetDevice();</pre>	<p>brief Start searching for network devices in the background  return</p>

void nl_StopEnumNetDevice();	brief Stop searching for network devices in the background return
int nl_SetNetDeviceConfig(char* inData,int inDataLen,int recTimeout,char* outdata);	brief Set network device configuration information param[in] inData configuration information param[in] inDataLen configuration information length param[in] recTimeout time out param[in] outdata Retrieve data return 0 successful other fail

以下为网络独立接口

int nl_CreateTcpService(int port, tcpServiceBack callback);	brief Create a network server. param[in] port network port param[in] callback Callback function return Less than 0 fail.
int nl_CloseClientSocket(int socket);	brief Close the client socket param[in] socket network socket return 0 successful other fail
int nl_ExitTcpService();	brief exit tcp service return
int nl_connectToService(char* servicelp, int port, int* socket);	brief connect to tcp service param[in] servicelp service ip param[in] port service port param[out] socket network socket return 0 successful other fail
int nl_sendDataToSocket(int socket, char* buf, int buf_len);	brief Send data by socket param[in] socket network socket param[in] buf send data param[in] buf_len send data length return 0 successful other fail
int nl_readFromSocket(int socket, int nTimeout, char* outbuf, int *buflen);	brief Receive network data param[in] socket network socket param[in] nTimeout time out param[in] outbuf Receive data param[in] buflen Receive data length return 0 successful other fail
int nl_getNetImgData(int socket, int T,	brief 通过网络获取图像数据

```
int R, int F, int Q, char *imgData, int  
*realLen, IMG_TYPE* imgtype, int  
*width, int *height);
```

	Enum Description
brief:Abnormal type.	
enum T_ErrorType	
{	
Success	= 0, ///< Normal.
UnknownError	= 1, ///< Unknown Error.
NotExistError	= 2, ///< The device doesn't exit.
NotOpenError	= 3, ///< The device is not opened.
AlreadyOpenError	= 4, ///< The device is opened.
AccessDeniedError	= 5, ///< Access to the device is denied.
NotInitializedError	= 6, ///< The Device is not initialized.
InvalidParamsError	= 8, ///< Invalid parameters.
InvalidFileFormatError	= 9, ///< Invalid file format.
FileNameExtError	= 10, ///< File name error.
CommunicationError	= 11, ///< Communication error.
MallocError	= 12, ///< Memory allocation error.
UpdateFailedError	= 13, ///< Failed to update.
NoUpdateObjectError	= 14, ///< No updating object.
FileNotFoundException	= 15, ///< the file doesn't exist.
BufferOverflowError	= 16, ///< Buffer overflows.

```

    FileNotSuitableError      = 17, ///< The file is not suitable.
    DeviceNotUniqueError      = 18, ///< The device is not unique.
};

brief:Device status.
enum T_DeviceStatus
{
    Opened = 0,           ///< Opened.
    NotOpened,           ///< Not opened.
    Closed,             ///< Closed.
    NotClosed,           ///< Not closed.
    Updating,            ///< Updating...
    Updated,             ///< Updating is finished.
    Writing,             ///< Writing data...
    Written,             ///< Data writing is finished.
    Reading,             ///< Reading data...
    ReadOK,              ///< Data reading is finished.
    GettingPicData,      ///< Getting image data...
    GetPicDataOK,         ///< Image data has been obtained.
    UnknownStatus         ///< Unknown status.
};

brief:Commands sending result.
enum T_CommunicationResult
{
    SendError = 0,          ///< Sending error.
    Support,                ///< Commands supported.
    Unsupport,               ///< Commands not supported.
    OutOfRange,              ///< Data value is not within the range.
    UnknownResult,           ///< Unknown error.
};

brief:Protocol.
enum T_Porotocol
{
    Nlscan = 0, // Newland.
};

```